Sakehs Island

Chicken Poor

POHNPEI ISLAND



Where: Nan Madol, a tight cluster of 90 or so 1828 islets off the coast of Pohnpei, a Pacific island.

Lava Land

James O'Connell, a shipwrecked Irish sailor, has just discovered this strange city of tiny islands. How strange? It's manmade.

Local islanders who have befriended O'Connell are trying to stop him from going in. "Acoa ban midjila!" they howl, "You will die!" They believe evil spirits live in Nan Madol. But O'Connell ignores their warnings and paddles his canoe through its **canals**. The humongous stone buildings on the islets, all abandoned, are unlike anything he's ever seen!

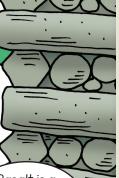
The construction method is similar to how log cabins are made. Workers stacked a frame of **basalt** "logs" on top of the **coral reef** that surrounds Pohnpei. Then they filled in the frame with coral rubble to make an islet. Many more logs were stacked atop the islets to make the buildings.

Who created Nan Madol? Legend has it that twin brothers, Olisihpa and Olosohpa, came to Pohnpei hundreds of years ago. They built the city in one day using a **dragon** to cut through the coral and magic to lift the logs.



Looking at these buildings, made of stone logs and boulders weighing up to 50 tons each, that legend begins to sound a little less crazy. The nearest known basalt sources are on Sakehs Island or at Pwisehn Malek (translation: Chicken Poop Mountain). Dragging the stone logs through the thick jungle or transporting them on rafts seems equally impossible. And how did the workers raise them up to make 30-foot-high walls (10 meters)? You got me!

In 1833, O'Connell was rescued by the U.S. ship Spy of Salem. He soon shared his story with the world, the first written account of Nan Madol. But who built this city, as well as when and how, still remains a secret.



 \triangleright

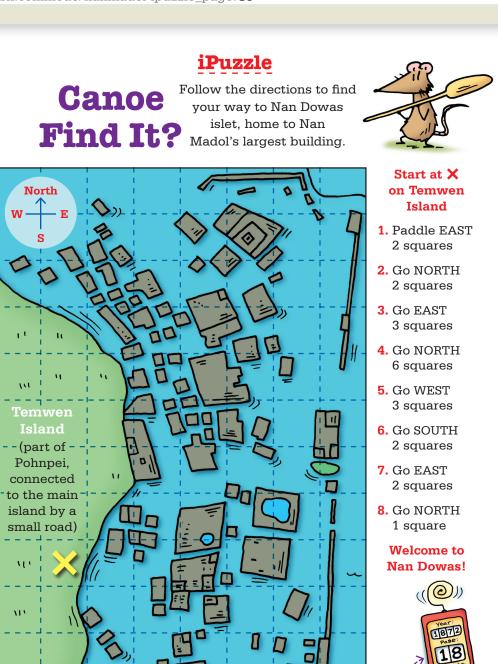
Basalt is a rock formed bu the rapid cooling of lava

> 111 1)

"Venice of the Pacific."...

called the

been



Jump to this

page or follow

the pipes